

WHAT THE EDITOR SAYS.



Public Ledger

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY
THE PUBLIC LEDGER CO.

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THOMAS A. DAVIS, Vice-President

WILLIAM H. WADSWORTH, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer

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IN HOC SIGNO VINCES.

THE alleged antagonism of interest between farmers and manufacturers is a favorite hobby with those whose partiality for foreign trade leads them to advocate privileges for outsiders that are necessarily beyond reach of citizens in this country. The rapid increase of urban populations disclosed by our late census has been seized upon as corroborating evidence, and made to do duty in disparaging the policy of Protection for those home industries without which large non-agricultural communities could not be sustained.

By some peculiarity of logic never yet made plain, farmers are urged to discourage aggregations of population in this country as inimical to their prosperity, which they are asked to believe will be enhanced by building up the population and trade of foreign cities, to the detriment of those nearer home.

It would seem that no voter with intelligence enough to be a good farmer could be deceived by such a claim. He needs but to glance at official statistics to find that more than three-fourths of all the grains and meats he sells are taken and paid for by these very people whom he is asked to believe are the chief impediments to his greater prosperity. He has but to draw upon individual experience for proof that many products of his farm that could not by any possibility be gotten into a remote market find ready buyers in such towns as are within reach, and command all the better prices by reason of their perishable nature.

Such facts, within the observation of every man who cares to look at them, point to a conclusion diametrically opposite to that urged by the advocates of free foreign trade. The farmer must have a market for his surplus crops, or he must discontinue raising more than can be consumed at home. Prices for what goes upon the market are so largely determined by the trade law of demand and supply that his interest necessarily lies in having the largest possible number of buyers of such crops as he has to sell, with as few

competitors as may be in supplying the existing demand.

Evidently, then, if by legislation or from other cause the millions who are now engaged in some work other than farming should be thrown out of employment, or have their income materially reduced by foreign competition, many of them would probably resort to farming (Free-traders say that is what they ought to be doing now,) or at best their ability to buy what farmers have to sell would be seriously impaired. Hence, it follows that no other class of voters have equal interest with farmers in adding to the number of factories and keeping the contingent of buyers of agricultural products at the highest attainable point of efficiency for purchase and consumption.

THESE Democrats were awfully anxious for a "look at the books" at Washington; yet it is curious how they oppose a "look at the books" at Frankfort.

If free coinage should send American gold to Europe the expansion in the volume of money there would cause a rise of prices and cotton would sell higher. Free coinage, while poison to the North, it is thought would be meat to the Cotton States.

MR. REED of Maine has presented the report of the minority of the Ways and Means Committee opposing the passage of the bill to admit silver lead ore free of duty. The minority says that the majority advise the abolition of the duties, because the American miner needs this ore to smelt his own with. The American miner, it is asserted, is not back of the bill, but the American Free-traders, yearning not for free raw material, but the rawest kind of Mexican fifty cents a day labor.

Political Pickings.

Colonel John B. Thompson of Harrodsburg has withdrawn from the race for delegate from the Eighth District to the National Democratic Convention. He says that the District is overwhelmingly for Cleveland, and that, as he is opposed to that candidate, he could not consistently carry out the wishes of the people.

Certainly You've Met This Man.

Punctuality Spirit.—You have seen the dry goods box statesman, the sage who sits around all day solving problems of political economy, but who is scarcely able to solve the problem of where the next sack of flour is to come from. You are acquainted with the philosopher who never read or studied anything, but who knows everything by intuition—the gentleman who has general supervision over all things, who is a mine of information that doesn't inform, and a cyclopedia of misconceptions. To be sure you have. Every community has a representative or two of this type. And really it is difficult to see how we could get along without these breezy and amusing idiots.

Grover on Free Silver.

The Sunday-school editor of *The Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph* has been working the telephone:

"Hello, Central!"

"Well?"

"Let me have New York, please. Hello! Is that New York?"

"It is. What number?"

"Connect me with the Hon. Grover Cleveland's law offices, please."

"All right. There you are."

"Is that Mr. Cleveland's office?"

"Yes."

"I wish to speak to Mr. Cleveland himself."

"I'll call him."

"Hello!"

"Is that Mr. Cleveland?"

"Yes, sir. What will you have?"

"Mr. Cleveland, what is your present position on the silver question?"

"I will be frank with you. I regard the American Public School system as the best in the world."

"But about free silver, Mr. Cleveland. Have you any view to make public?"

"Certainly, sir. I have always been a friend of the Public Schools."

"That is all you have to say on the silver question to day, is it, Mr. Cleveland?"

"I could say more, but I think my simple indorsement of the Public Schools will carry great weight. Why, sir, the Public Schools of America are the hope of the Nation."

"Are you in favor of the free coinage of silver?"

"I am in favor of the Public Schools with all my heart, sir. I put myself down fearlessly on that platform, and will defend it against all assailants. Good morning, sir!"

"Good morning, Mr. Cleveland. Many thanks for your information."

"Not at all. Good morning."

LOUD-VOICED.

The Lung-Power Developed by People in Certain Sections.

Life in the country, says Dr. J. Harvie Dew in the Century, especially in our southern country, where people lived far apart and were employed oftentimes at a considerable distance from one another, and from the houses or homes in which they ate and slept, tended, by exercise in communicating with one another, to strengthen and improve their voices for high and prolonged notes. A wider range to the vocal sounds was constantly afforded and frequently required.

The voices of women as well as of men were often utilized for "long-distance calls." It may be amusing to note the difference in intonation which was usually exhibited by the sexes. When a man had occasion to summon anyone from a distance, the prolonged tone was placed on the first note, the emphasis on the second, thus: "O—h, John!" If a female called, the prolonged tone and the emphasis were both placed on the last note, thus: "You, John—n—y!"

Hollowing, screaming, yelling for one person or another, to their dogs, or at some of the cattle on the plantation, with the accompanying reverberations from hilltops, over valleys and plains, were familiar sounds throughout the farming districts of the south in the days gone by. It used to be said of my father's old negro foreman that he could be distinctly understood for a mile or more away.

Hunting, which was enjoyed and indulged in more or less by nearly every citizen of the south, was also conducive to this characteristic development.

A DOCTOR'S FEE.

How a Physician Proposed an Exchange of Services.

To the lover of dumb animals it seems rather extraordinary that physicians should object to prescribing for a four-footed sufferer. Some of them, however, do feel "above it," and either refuse altogether, or perform the service under majestic protest. The Pall Mall Budget tells the story of a French doctor and a painter's wife. The doctor's name does not appear, but the painter was Meissonier. One day Mme. Meissonier sent for the family physician, and he hurried to the house, thinking some illness had overtaken the artist. It was not the master of the house, however; it was only the lap dog.

The doctor pocketed his pride and most zealously attended the patient, who soon recovered. At the end of the year he sent in his bill, but among the items there was none for attendance on a dog. Mme. Meissonier noticed the omission, and called the physician's attention to it.

"You must charge for that, also," said she. "I insist upon it."

"By no means," was the reply. "I am not a veterinary surgeon. I was very glad to do the dog a service, but really I can't be paid for it."

"But I insist upon it!" said the lady.

"Well, then," returned the doctor, "as the hinges of my gate are somewhat rusty, M. Meissonier may bring his brush and paint them for me."

But as every grain of paint from Meissonier's brush was worth more than its weight in gold, the hint was probably not taken.

HE LOOKED IT.

The Novel Idea a Man Hit Upon to Keep His Umbrella.

A prominent young club man of this city, who is noted for his faultless attire, says the Philadelphia Press, was exhibiting a costly, gold-mounted handled silk umbrella, which was ingeniously fastened with a tiny silver padlock, to a number of friends, with the remarks:

"If it had not been for this looking device I would have lost this valuable umbrella long ago. Picking up the wrong umbrella on a rainy day is as time-honored a habit as the borrowing of your neighbor's lead pencil and returning it back to your own pocket. To test this question to my full satisfaction I strolled into the lobby of a well-known hotel one wet, stormy day, and, snapping the little lock through the wire spring under the folds of the umbrella, I placed it in a prominent rack among a number of others. On looking over a morning newspaper I pretended to be deeply interested in its columns. I had hardly turned my eye when a respectably dressed gentleman picked up my umbrella and off he went. It was raining in torrents, he couldn't open it, and in a moment or two he returned, ramming it back and muttering something about a 'mistake,' took another one from the rack, and was gone for good. You may not believe me, but for one hour that umbrella came and went every five minutes, men, women and children, old and young, grave and gay. The performance was kept up until it tired me out. I took charge of it finally and sauntered off home."

Had a Billous Feeling.

In a restaurant down at McLeansboro the other night, says the Mount Carmel (Ill.) Register, a party of young fellows were sitting and standing around the stove waiting for the midnight Louisville & Nashville train to come in. One of the gang had been out the night before with his best girl and was exceedingly sleepy. Stretching himself in a chair he was soon in the land of Nod, the upper half of his head unheeded and thrown back, and his mouth so wide open that it resembled the entrance to the Patton tunnel. The boys gazed on him in silence for a few moments, then one of them slipped out to a drug store, from which he soon returned with a small pill of asafoetida, which he deftly placed upon the sleeper's tongue. The warmth of the month dissolved the drug in a few seconds and the snorer awoke, stretching, yawning and yawning like a Cherry grove daisy with a premonition of a Patrick creek chill. "Boys," said the victim, "I don't feel any better than I did when I went to bed. I have had such an all-fired mean taste in my mouth. And the shout that went up drowned the whistle of the approaching train.

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BARNEY WILKES,

Sire of seven from 2:19 to 2:30. By Geo. Wilkes, 2:22, sire of eighty in 2:30; dam Rosa, by Roscoe, son of Pilot, Jr. TERMS, \$50 cash at time of service, with return privilege, or \$75 to insure.

AICANDRE, 2:26 1/4.

By Alcione, 2:27, sire of twenty-five in 2:30; dam lady Carr, dam of Ambassador, 2:21 1/4, Mary S., 2:28, by American Clay. TERMS, \$50 to insure.

McALISTER, 2:27.

By Egbert, sire of fifty-two in 2:30; dam Laura, dam of Egg Hot (three-year-old) 1:32 1/4, Knight Templar, 2:32, by Billy Adams, son of Almont. TERMS, \$25 to insure.

DR. OWENS.

By Alcione, 2:28, sire of fifty in 2:30; first dam by Sir Walkin', second dam by Kentucky Prince. TERMS, \$10 cash by season, or \$15 to insure.

JAS. W. FITZGERALD,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

april embw

AMENDMENT

To Article One of Articles Incorporating the Poyntz Bros. Co.

ARTICLE to amend Article I of Articles of Incorporation of Poyntz Brothers Company, of Maysville, Mason county, Kentucky, recorded in Deed Book No. 92, page 174, as follows: Be it known to all whom it may concern, that at a meeting of the stockholders of the Poyntz Brothers Company of Maysville, Kentucky, held at its office in Maysville, Kentucky, Thursday, April 24th, 1892, it was agreed that the corporate name of said company be changed from Poyntz Brothers Company to Oakwood Distillery Company, and that hereafter the business of said corporation be conducted under the corporate name of Oakwood Distillery Company. And it was further agreed at said meeting, that Ben H. Poyntz, Secretary and Treasurer of said Poyntz Brothers Company, be and he was authorized to make proper acknowledgment of said change of name before the Clerk of Mason County Court, and cause same to be published and recorded as required by law. BEN H. POYNTZ, Secretary and Treasurer of Poyntz Bros. Co.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, 1st

Mason County.

I, T. M. Pearce, Clerk of the County Court for the county and state aforesaid, do certify that the foregoing instrument of writing was this day produced to me in said county and acknowledged by Ben H. Poyntz, a party thereto, to be their act and deed.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 24th day of April, 1892.

T. M. PEARCE, Clerk.

By J. C. Lovel, D. C.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, 1st

Mason County.

I, T. M. Pearce, Clerk of the County Court for the county and state aforesaid, do certify that the foregoing instrument of writing was this day received in my office and lodged for record, whereupon the same, together with this and the foregoing certificate, hath been duly recorded in my office.

Given under my hand this April 30th, 1892.

T. M. PEARCE, Clerk.

By J. C. Lovel, D. C.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—ADOPTED BY—

THE PUBLIC LEDGER CO.

OF MAYSVILLE, KY.

ART. 1. Be it known that William H. Cox, Thomas A. Davis, W. H. Wadsworth, Jr., Samuel T. Hickman, A. M. J. Cochran, M. C. Russell, George L. Cox and Allen A. Edmonds, of Maysville, Kentucky, do hereby certify that they have associated themselves together and become incorporated under and by virtue of Chapter 36 of the General Statutes of the State of Kentucky as The Public Ledger Company and by that name shall sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to alter same at pleasure.

ART. 2. The capital stock of said Corporation shall be \$5,000, divided into shares of \$10 each, and the same shall be transferred by written assignment on the certificate, and when transferred the certificate for same shall be surrendered to the Company and canceled, and new ones issued in lieu thereof.

ART. 3. This Corporation organized for the purpose of publishing a newspaper in the city of Maysville, and distributing the same throughout the state of Kentucky, and for the carrying on of a general newspaper business in said city and state.

ART. 4. The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be at Maysville, Ky. The capital stock of said Corporation may be increased at a meeting of the stockholders (those holding a majority of the stock assenting thereto) to any sum not exceeding \$10,000. This Corporation may organize when 300 shares of its stock is subscribed. Stock may be paid for in money or equivalent at an agreed contract price, and any stock not subscribed for may be sold from time to time, as the Directors may direct and authorize, and the certificates of stock shall be signed by the President and Secretary, and the corporate seal shall be affixed to same.

ART. 5. The Corporation shall be managed by a Board of five persons who shall be elected annually at the Company's office in Maysville, Ky., on the 1st Monday in March of each year. If, for any reason, there should not be an election held at the time fixed, the Directors in office shall continue as such until their successors are elected and qualified.

ART. 6. The Directors shall choose from their number a President and Vice-President, and from said number or the stockholders a Secretary and Treasurer, or, if they see fit, they may combine these two offices & to one. They shall elect an Editor and may elect an assistant to the Editor, both of whose duties and tenure of office they may fix and prescribe by by-laws of the Company, which by-laws a majority of the Directors may adopt for the management of the Company's affairs.

ART. 7. The Company shall not incur an indebtedness exceeding, in the aggregate, at any one time, a sum equal to one-half of the capital stock paid in.

ART. 8. The private property of the stockholders of this Corporation shall be exempt from all debts or liabilities of the Corporation.

ART. 9. The Corporation shall begin when it shall have organized, as provided for herein, and shall continue as long as may be necessary, according to law.

In witness whereof, the said incorporators have hereunto set their hands this 10th day of March, 1892.

WILLIAM H. COX, A. M. J. COCHRAN, THOMAS A. DAVIS, M. C. RUSSELL, W. H. WADSWORTH, JR., GEO. L. COX, S. T. HICKMAN, ALLEN A. EDMONDS.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, 1st

Mason County.

I, T. M. Pearce, Clerk of the County Court for the county and state aforesaid, do certify that the foregoing Article of Incorporation of The Public Ledger Company, of Maysville, Ky., produced to me in said county, and acknowledged by said Thomas A. Davis, William H. Cox, W. H. Wadsworth, Jr., S. T. Hickman, M. C. Russell, George L. Cox and Allen A. Edmonds each to be their act and deed, and on March 14, 1892, the same was again reproduced to me and acknowledged by A. M. J. Cochran to be his act and deed, and lodged for record, whereupon the same, together with this certificate, hath been duly recorded in my office.

Given under my hand this 14th day of March, 1892.

By T. D. Slattery, D. C.